

Global Shipping Think Tank Alliance, 4th plenary meeting

The Suez Canal after the expansion: traffic trends and role of the free zone

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The New Suez Canal



The Suez Canal after the expansion

Analysis of the traffic, competitiveness indicators, the challenges of the BRI and the role of the Free Zone



- ✓ Egypt's competitiveness after the expansion of Suez Canal
- ✓ Major effects and new dinamics:
 - growing in terms of number of ships and tons of goods
 - Traffic flows: container & Oil traffics are growing
 - Suez «key player» along the BRI
 - The Suez Canal Zone (SEZ)



The Suez Canal Project



\$8.5bn raised for the canal expansion project

Projected revenue by 2023: \$13.2bn

72km of new channel and bypasses

Ships per day by 2023: 97

11-hour southbound transit (down from 18)

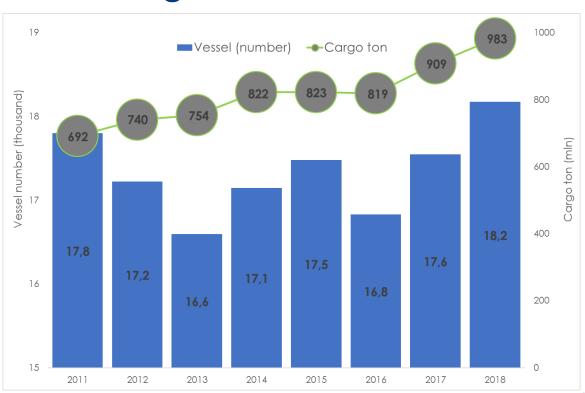
Months to complete by August 2015: 12



Source: Suez Canal Authorit

The "New Suez Canal" is setting new records

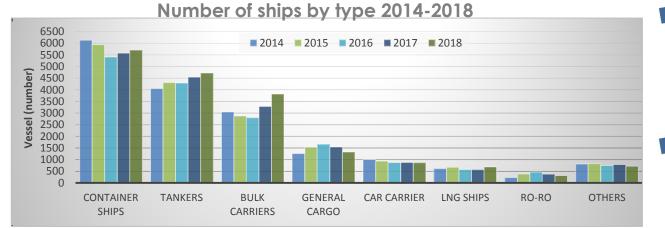
- Transit goods through the Suez Canal account for 8-10% global seaborne trade.
- 2018 is the year of records. For the first time in its history the threshold of 18 thousand ships has been exceeded (+ 3.6%). They transported over 983 million tons of cargo.
- Southbound cargo (524.6 million tons, +9.8%) and Northbound cargo (458.8 million tons, 6.6%) registered a remarkable growth.

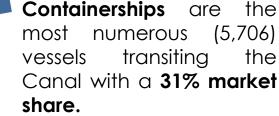


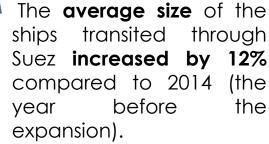
Source: SRM on Suez Canal Authority, 2019



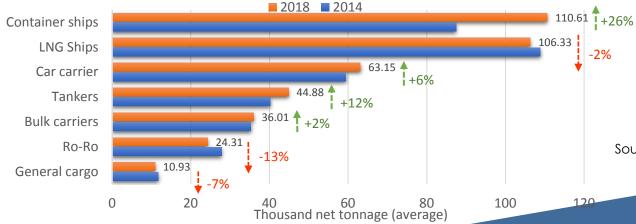
Evolution of ships traffic after the Suez Canal expansion









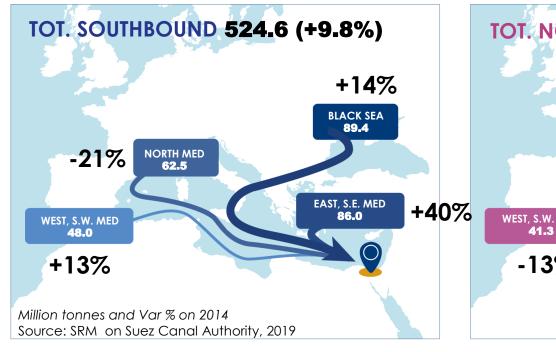


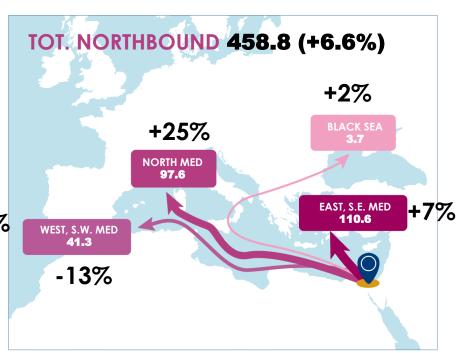
Average size of the ships. 2014-2017

Source: SRM on Suez Canal Authority, 2019



New Suez Canal and the MED ports (2018 on 2014)

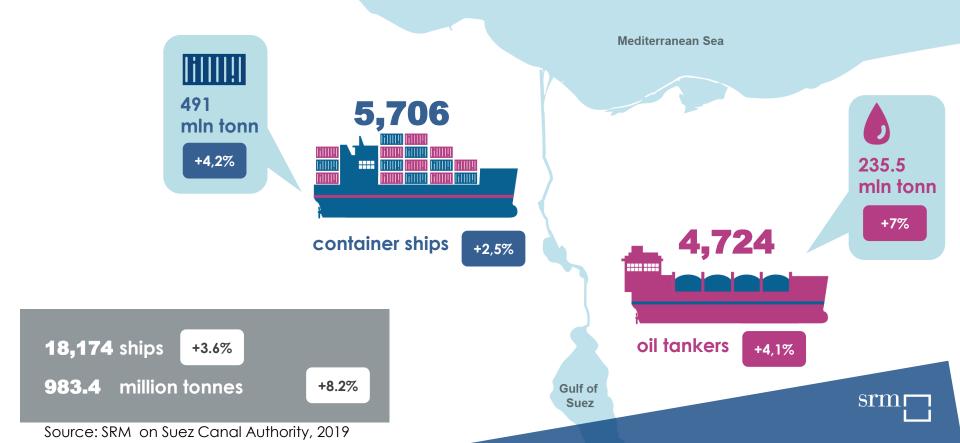




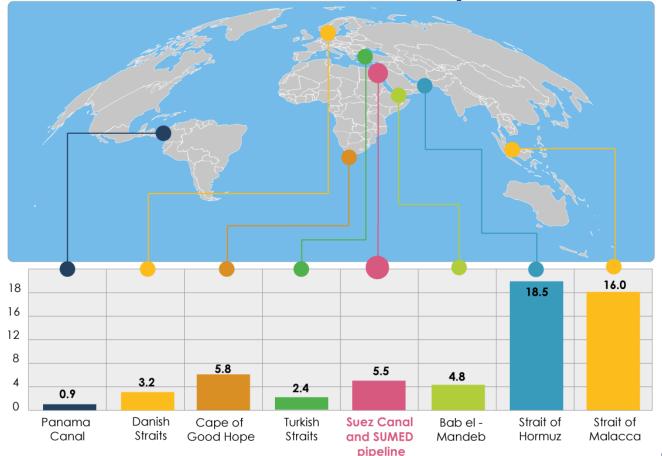
In both directions, the med ports represent 55% of the total.



Traffic through Suez is growing...especially for containerships and tankers



The main world oil trade chokepoints



- Suez (and the **Sumed pipeline**) is 3rd busiest the transit chokepoint in the world with a total oil flow (crude oil and refined products) of **5.5** million b/d transited in both directions
- It holds 9% of global seaborne oil trade and 9% of LNG

OT II.

Source: SRM on U.S. Energy Information Administration

Liner Shipping Connectivity Index (LSCI): analysis of the MENA Area

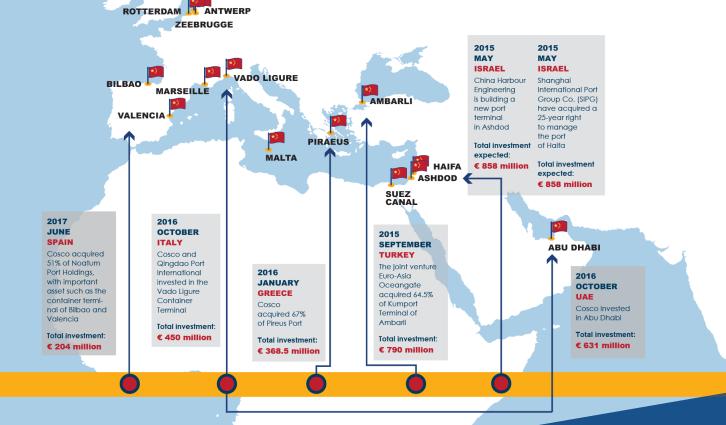
		2004		2010		2015		2018
1°	Egypt	42.9	UAE	63.4	UAE	70.4	UAE	83.91
2 °	UAE	38.1	Saudi Arabia	50.4	Morocco	68.3	Morocco	71.5
3 °	Saudi Arabia	35.8	Morocco	49.4	Saudi Arabia	64.8	Egypt	70.28
4 °	Turkey	25.6	Oman	48.5	Egypt	61.5	Saudi Arabia	66.62
5 °	Oman	23.3	Egypt	47.6	Turkey	52	Oman	62.97

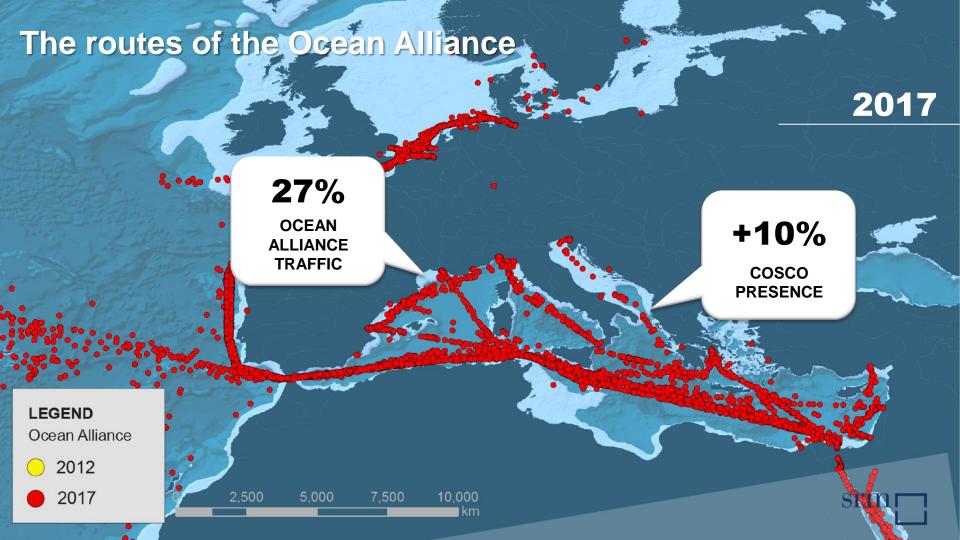
Fonte: SRM su UNCTAD

Egypt gained **30 b.p.** in the span analysed (2004-2018)



Suez is the BRI's crossroads China is growing in the Med





Suez Canal Economic Zone

SAID PORT

EST PORT
SAID PORT

WEST PORT





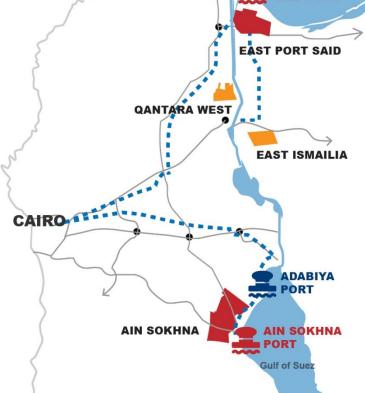
Two integrated areas



Two development areas



Four ports



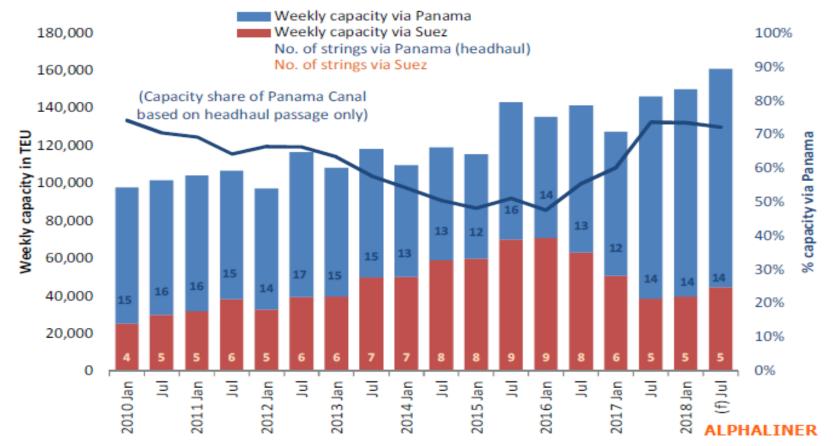






Strength competition between Panama and Suez

Far East - USEC capacity share - Panama vs Suez Canal 2010-2018







Thank you for your attention

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